

Reverse engineering Java Card applets using power analysis

Workshop in Information Security Theory and Practices 2007

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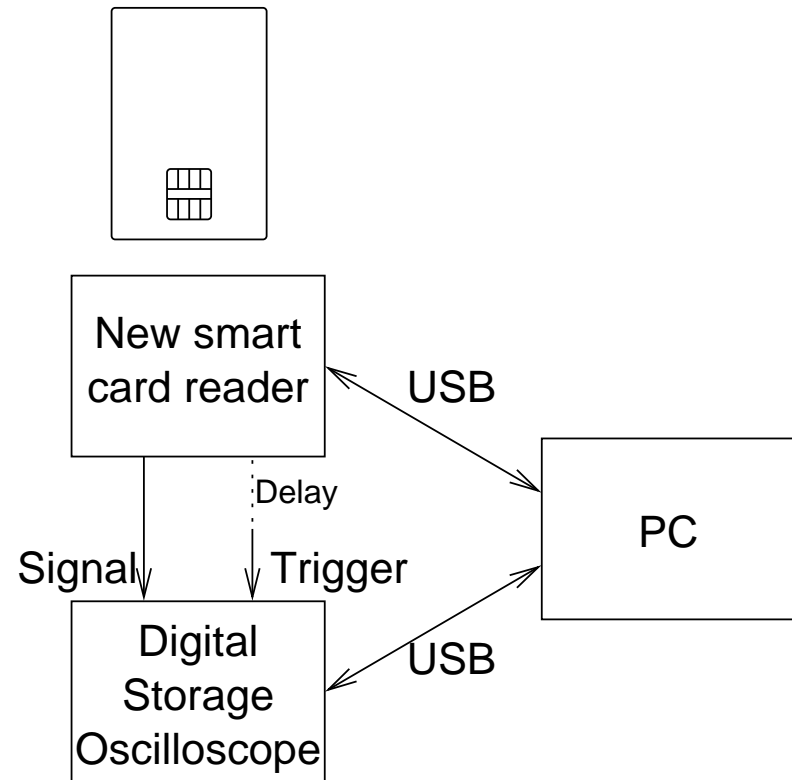
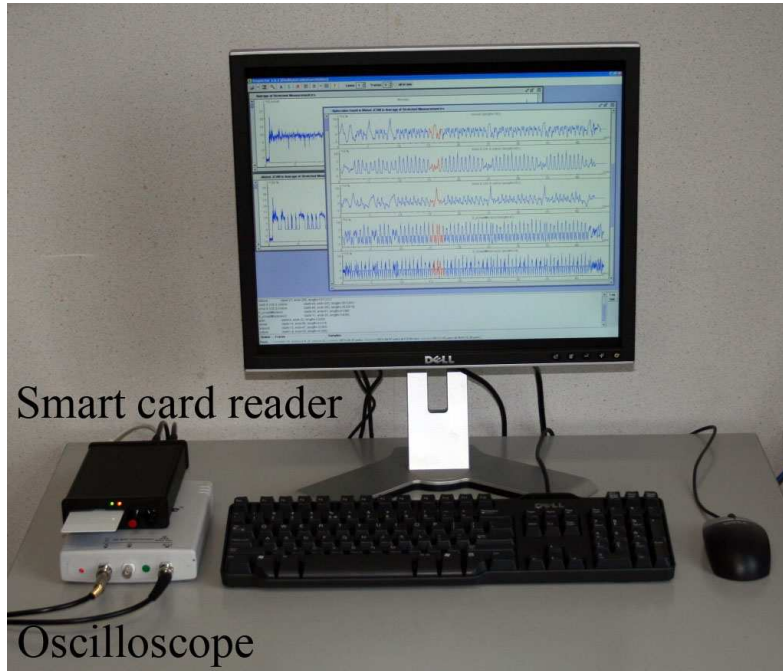
Outline

- Introduction
- Acquisition framework
- Methodology
- Experimental results
- Conclusions

Introduction

- Java Card technology
- Power analysis
- Motivation
- Experiments performed on several commercially available smart cards

Acquisition framework



Methodology

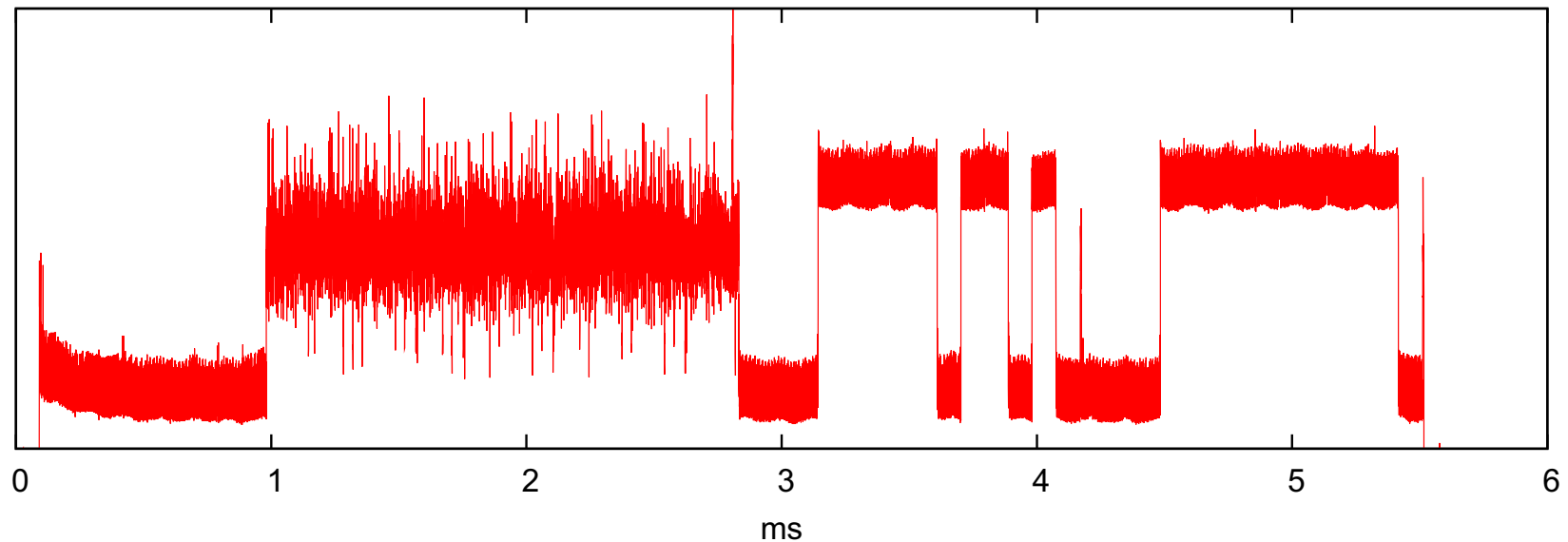
- Trace set preprocessing
 - Alignment
 - Resampling
 - Averaging
- Template determination (known applet)
- Template recognition (unknown applet)
- Loop rerolling

Template determination

```
1  public void process(APDU apdu) {
2      byte a = (byte) 0x03, b, c;
3
4      if (selectingApplet())
5          return;
6
7      byte buffer [] = apdu.getBuffer();
8      short len = apdu.setIncomingAndReceive();
9
10     b = buffer [(short)(ISO7816.OFFSET_CDATA)];
11
12     c = (byte)(a + b); // sload_2, sload_3, sadd, s2b, sstore_4
13     c = (byte)(a * b); // sload_2, sload_3, smul, s2b, sstore_4
14     c = (byte)(a * b); // sload_2, sload_3, smul, s2b, sstore_4
15     c = (byte)(a + b); // sload_2, sload_3, sadd, s2b, sstore_4
16     c = (byte)(a * b); // sload_2, sload_3, smul, s2b, sstore_4
17     c = (byte)(a + b); // sload_2, sload_3, sadd, s2b, sstore_4
18     c = (byte)(a + b); // sload_2, sload_3, sadd, s2b, sstore_4
19     c = (byte)(a * b); // sload_2, sload_3, smul, s2b, sstore_4
20 }
```

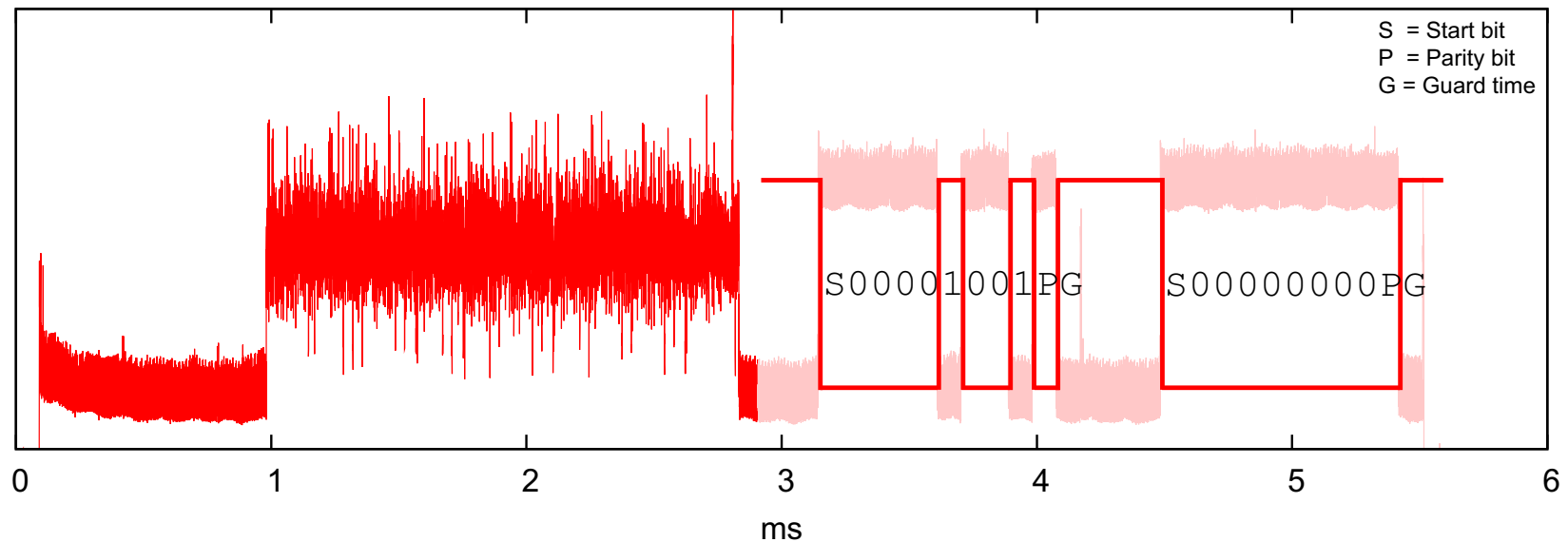
Template determination (2)

- **Execute the known applet**
- Determine part of interest
- Acquire lots of traces and average them



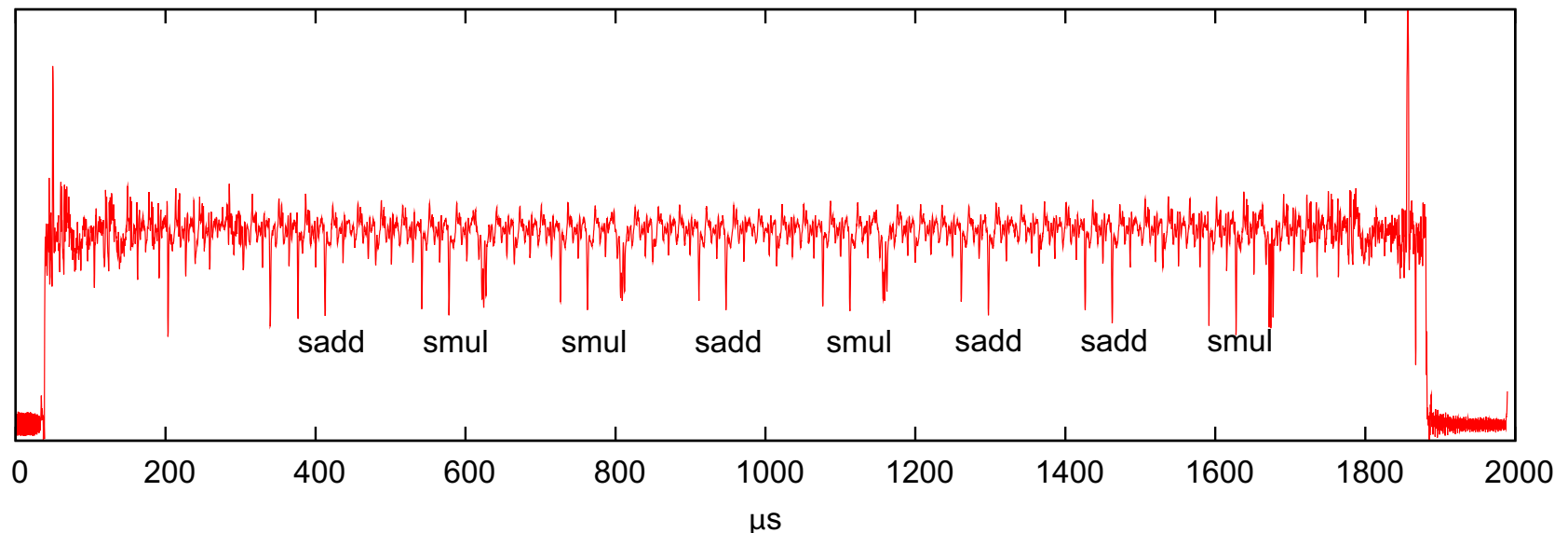
Template determination (2)

- Execute the known applet
- **Determine part of interest**
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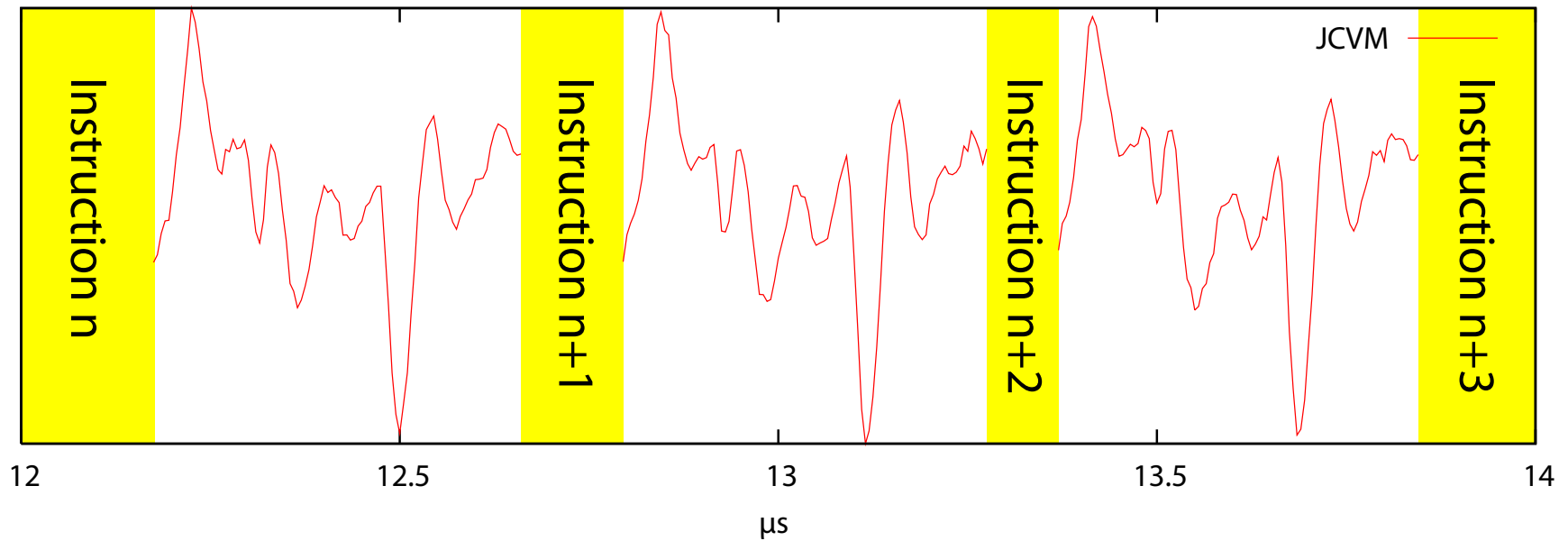


Template determination (2)

- Execute the known applet
- Determine part of interest
- **Acquire lots of traces and average them**

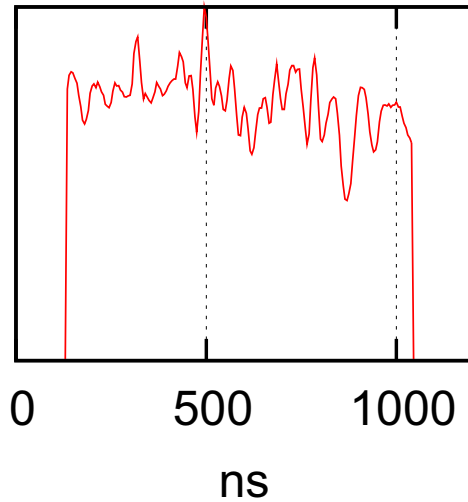


Template determination (3)

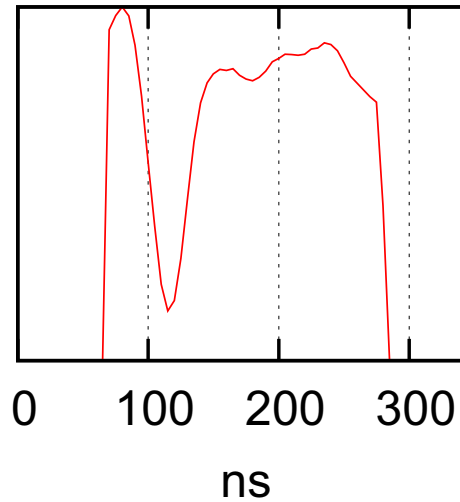


Template determination (4)

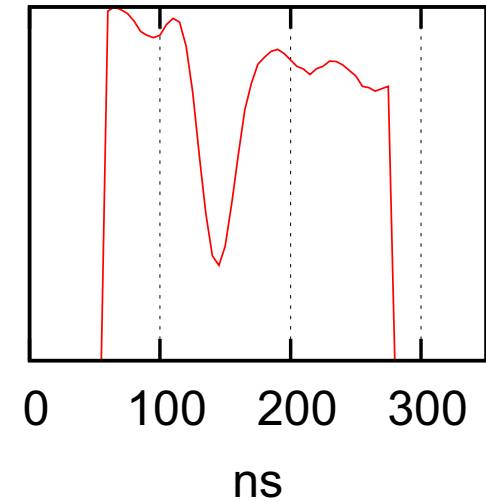
baload



sstore



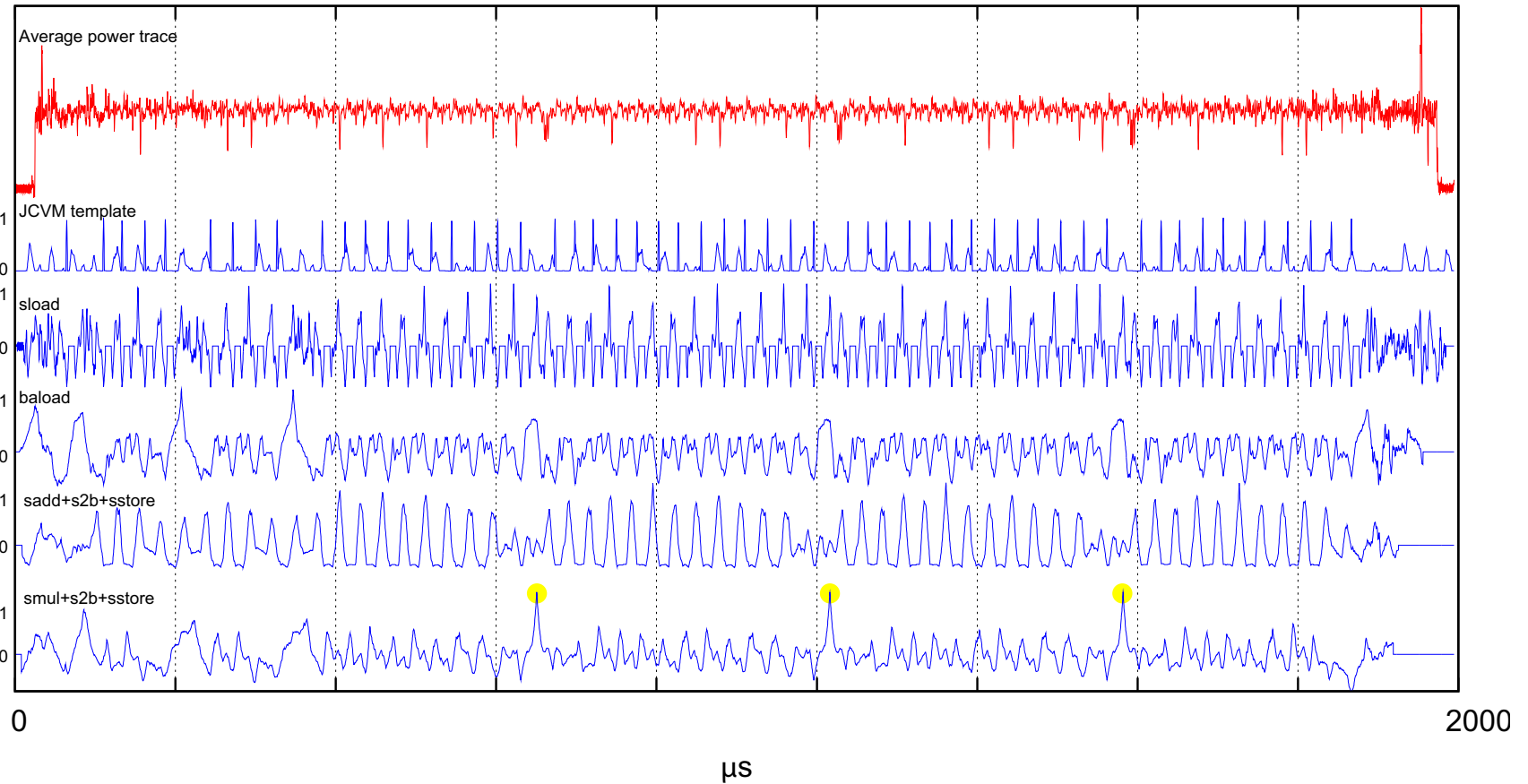
sload



Template recognition

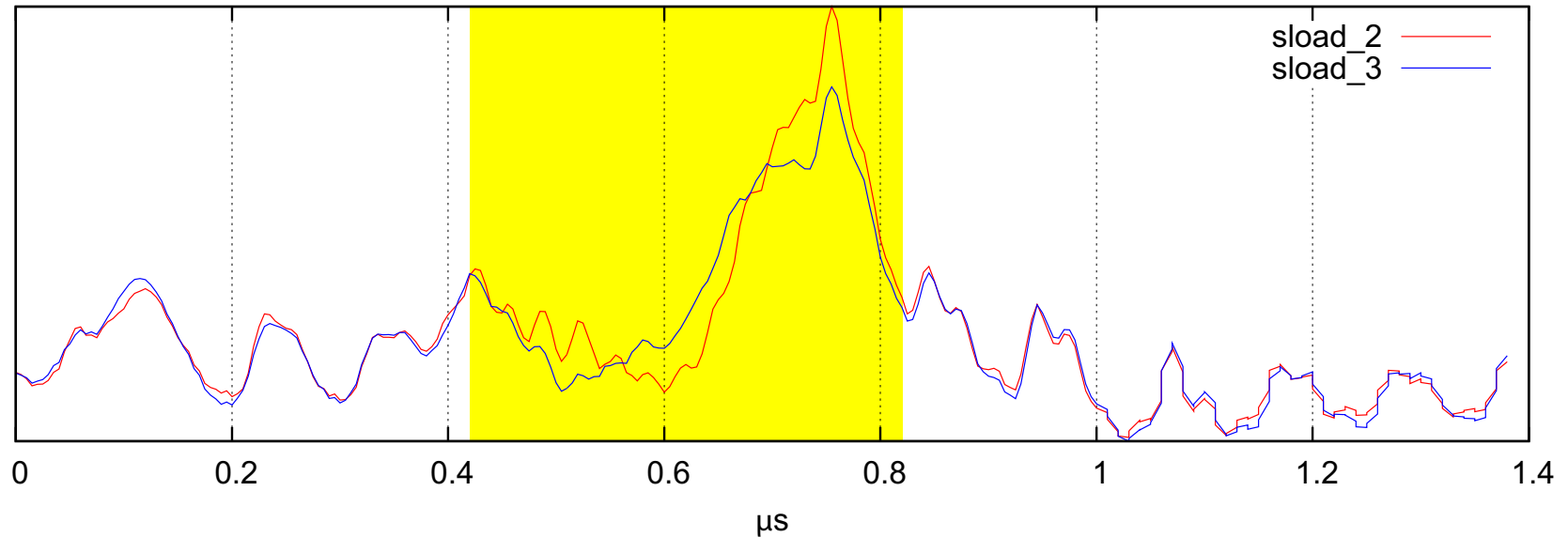
- Execute the (un)known applet
- Obtain power traces
- Preprocess power traces
- Correlate the power trace with all templates

Template recognition (2)

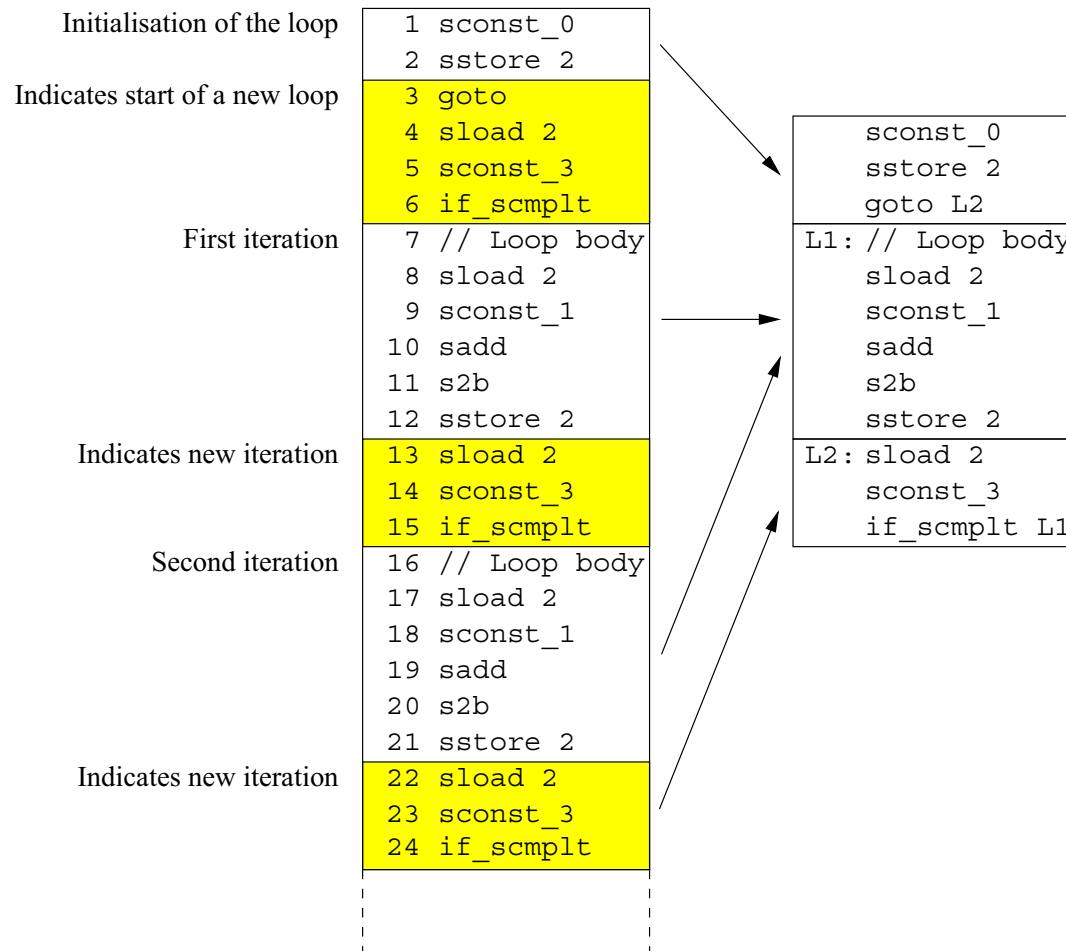


Distinguishing similar instructions

- 25,000 measurements at 200 MS/s:
 - 12,500 \times sload_2
 - 12,500 \times sload_3



Loop rerolling



Experimental results

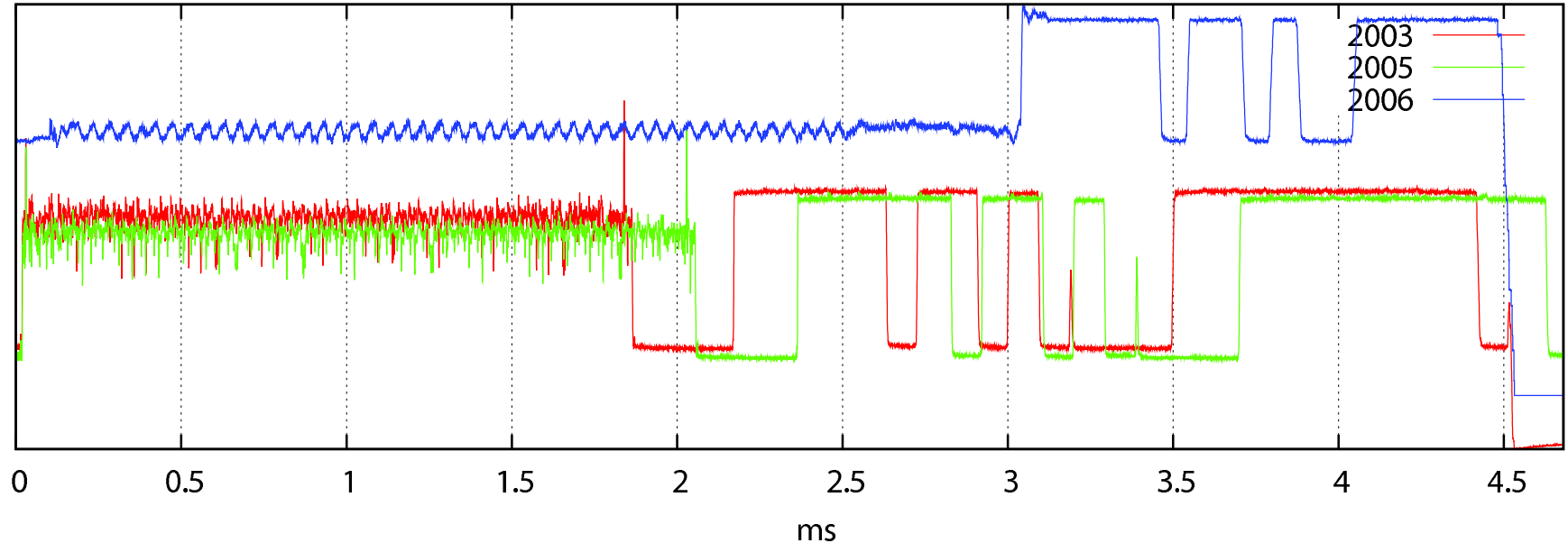
Expected	Recognised	Alternatives
sload	sload (93%) <i>JCVM</i>	aload (89%)
sload	sload (92%) <i>JCVM</i>	aload (91%), sconst & sstore (57%)
sadd	sadd (91%) <i>JCVM</i>	sload (55%), aload (51%)
s2b & sstore	s2b & sstore (91%) <i>JCVM</i>	sload (51%)
sload	sload (92%) <i>JCVM</i>	aload (78%), sconst & sstore (54%)
sload	aload (92%) <i>JCVM</i>	sload (91%)
sadd	sadd (90%) <i>JCVM</i>	sload (54%), aload (53%)
s2b & sstore	s2b & sstore (90%)	sload (53%)

Methodology refinements

- Impossible instruction sequences
 - `sload`, `aload`, `sadd`, `sstore`
- Unlikely instruction sequences
 - `sconst_0`, `sdiv`
 - `sload_2`, `sstore_2`
- Instruction duration
 - Branches
- Instruction statistics

Different Java Card smart cards

- Same brand/type
- Analysis focussed on: 2003, 2005
- Partial analysis: 2006



Conclusions

- Determining and recognizing individual instructions is possible
- Additional information sources reduce errors
- Reconstructing structured bytecode can be difficult
- Future work

Questions?

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- <http://www.riscure.com>